BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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DAILY PROGRESS.

MONDAY, OCT. 26, 1863.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

From Richmond—Capture of Prisoners by Imboden Confirmed—Later from the North, &c.

RICHMOND, Oct. 24.—Ex-Governor Morehead of North Carolina, at the invitation of a number of gentlemen, delivered an address in the Hall of the House of Delegates, last night, on the condition of the currency. His views met with considerable favor, and a proposition is now pending in the Legislature, embodying the main features of his scheme for reducing the currency. If several States, cities and other corporations would generally sell large amounts of their bonds and invest the proceeds in Confederate bonds, the effect would be salutary. A strong effort will be made to induce the Legislature of Virginia to lead off in this movement.

The number of Yankee prisoners held in Richmond is a fraction under twelve thousand.

Correspondence between the Commissioners of Exchange, in regard to the treatment of Gen. Morgan and men, is published. Meredith, under date of 30th June, notified Ould that Morgan and officers would be placed in close confinement, and held as hostages for the members of Col. Streight's command. Ould, in reply, asks what is meant by close confinement and says that Streight's command is treated exactly as other officers held by us. No answer being returned, Ould, on the 28th of August, writes Meredith that he had seen papers giving detailed accounts of the treatment of Morgan and officers, and asks why they have been put in the Penitentiary. Meredith briefly replies that the United States authorities had nothing whatever to do with the treatment of Morgan and command who are imprisoned at Columbus. Ould shows the inconsistency of this reply with former declarations, and asks for a written explanation why the United States authorities have allowed their prisoners to receive such unauthorized treatment for two months.

Under date of the 13th, Ould sent a more urgent communication, asking to be informed whether the United States authorities intend to treat these officers as felons in future or allow others to do so. The statement of Col. Alston is appended, exposing the dishonorable conduct of the Yankee Colonel who was paroled by Morgan, and describing the indignity to which Morgan and his officers are subjected, with the knowledge of Burnside.

The capture of the garrison of Charlestown, by Imboden, is confirmed by an official dispatch from Gen. Lee.—The prisoners number 434, making, says Lee, 2,462 sent to Richmond.

Northern dates to the 19th, received last night. News unimportant. The enlistment of negro troops will be shortly commenced in Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee. Lincoln has issued a proclamation calling for 300,000 volunteers.

From Texas, New Orleans, &c.

MOBILE, Oct. 24.—Maj. A. S. Rose arrived yesterday from Texas, passing through Louisiana on his way to Richmond. He brings news from west of the Mississippi. He heard nothing on the other side about the great defeat of Gen. Banks. Houston papers of the 30th ulto. state that Sabine Pass is being rapidly put in a condition to trouble the enemy.

The gunboat *Clifton* has been put in first rate fighting trim. She and her armament have been tested and found of the best quality. News from Brownsville to the 16th ulto. received. The French had not taken possession of Matamoras. It is stated that they would shortly seize one of the two places, and move on Monterey by way of Victoria. Gen. Slaughter had arrived at Brownesville via Havanna.

President Davis has just arrived from Miss., and will review the troops this evening.

PASCAGOULA, Oct. 23.—The truce steamer *St. Charles*, with dispatches, has arrived. New Orleans papers uninteresting. General Banks was at the wedding of Judge Ochs, in New Orleans, on the 19th.

The *True Delta*, of the 20th says that by advices from Havanna, fears are entertained of an insurrection of free negroes in Cuba, owing to the reduction of the army on the Island to reinforce the Spanish troops at San Domingo.

If Rosecrans has been reinforced, as is reported, he will probably fall back to his old camp at Tullahoma, and reestablish the *morale* of his army. If succeeded by Grant, as is reported, offensive movements may be ordered.

The *Picayune* quotes a St. Louis telegram of the 19th, which says the Confederates in Arkansas are concentrating, and threatening Fort Scott, on the borders of the Indian Territory, and comments on the illfortune attending General Blunt's attempt to keep them at bay.

The *Era* says the steamer *Commodore* arrived at the Bay of St. Louis from Fort Pike on the 16th. One company of rebel cavalry had destroyed a tannery for want of transportation to bring the hides away. The cavalry fled on the approach of the gunboats.

Two dozen copies of the *Caucasian* had been seized at New Orleans and its circulation prohibited.

The President's Speech to Bragg's Troops.

ATLANTA, Oct. 22.—The truthfulness of the Press Reports of the President's speech on the 13th inst. in the camps before Chattanooga having been questioned in the press, I have required of the reporter his authority for the language of the report transmitted. Mr. F. Woodson replies from Mission Ridge in these words: "I did not hear the speech of the President referred to, as I was not present for this place at the time. Col. McKinsley, Col. Walters and Capt. Reed, of Gen. Bragg's staff, gave me the speech as reported, and numerous other gentlemen also told me the same."

J. S. THRASHER, Superintendent.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 23.—No new movements yet. The Yankees are reported to-day riveting something and putting the finishing strokes to Gregg, Wagner and other batteries at Cummings Point. The fleet remains quiet.—Stirring times expected soon.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 23.—All quiet. Heavy rain this morning.

From Gordonsville.

GORDONSVILLE, Oct. 26.—It is reported that the Yankees are again at Warrenton Station.

One hundred and fifty prisoners of those captured at Charlestown, went through to-day. A man belonging to the Provost Guard was shot dead at Culpeper C. H., for stealing cabbages last night. A Yankee calling himself Timothy McKean, from New Hampshire, was arrested as a spy here to-day.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV RALEIGH, MONDAY, OCT. 26, 1863. NO. 279.

European News.

RICHMOND, Oct. 25.—The *Hibernian*, from Glasgow on the 13th, arrived. Laird's rams were seized by the British government. The London *Herald* considers the act as significant. Russell succumbed to the pressure put upon him by the Federal government. Lord Lyndhurst died on the 12th, aged 91 years. Deplorable accounts had been received at Paris of damage caused by inundations in the South of France. Archduke Maximillian made the following reply to the Mexican deputation:—"The wishes of the Mexican Assembly of Notables have touched me deeply. It cannot but be exceedingly flattering for our house that they have turned their eyes to the descendants of Charles V. Although the mission of maintaining the independence and welfare of Mexico on a solid foundation with free institutions is a most noble one, I must nevertheless, in complete accordance with the views of the Emperor Napoleon, declare a monarchy cannot be re-established on a legitimate and firm basis without a spontaneous expression of the wishes of the whole nation. I must make my acceptance of the throne dependent upon a plebiscite of the whole nation. On the other hand it would be my duty to ask for guarantees which are indispensable to secure Mexico against dangers which threaten her integrity and independence. Should these guarantees be obtained and a universal vote of the nation given in my favor, I am ready to accept the crown subject to approval of the Emperor, my brother.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12.—Cotton sales to day 30,000 bales at an advance of one penny. 13th.—It is probable the sales to-day will reach 30,000 bales. Market excited and very active and buoyant, with an advance of half penny.

There was an earthquake in England on the 6th. Five columns are filled with accounts of the shock, from correspondents in different parts of the country.

Grant assumes command of the a mies of the Ohio and Cumberland and Kentucky, with plenary powers. He will assume direction of the affairs at Chattanooga.—Thomas takes command of Ro ecrans' army.

Later From the North.

RICHMOND, Oct. 25.—Flag of truce boat arrived at City Point yesterday evening with Northern dates to the 23d. The *Herald's* news summary says there are no signs of a battle between the armies of Meade and Lee. With the exception of Stuart's cavalry no portion of Lee's army North of the Rapidan. An important movement in the Army of the Potomac now on foot, the precise object of which it is not proper to make public at the present time. Meade was in Washington yesterday, in consultation with the President.

Grant has been ordered to supercede Rosecrans, his movement beyond Chattanooga without orders from Washington having given offence to the military authorities there. Rosecrans has gone to Cincinnati. Secretary Stanton had arrived at Nashville. In New York, Thursday, gold opened at 138½ and closed at 143¼. Market quite *pawsey*.

GEN. LEE'S LATE MOVEMENTS.

"X," of the *Enquirer*, writing from Culpeper C. H., on the 20th, says:

Gen. Lee having finished the work of demolition of the Orange and Alexandria railroad from Bristow Station back as far as the Rappahannock bridge, and having driven Meade to the heights of Centreville, it became a military expedient, if not a necessity, for him to recross the Rappahannock, which has been accordingly done.

My last letter was written you from Bristow Station. On Saturday evening, in conformity with my promise, I started in company with a medical friend to visit the plains of Manassas, now historic because of the two great battles fought upon them. On arriving at Manassas Junction, however, we met our cavalry, then leaving there for Groveton, and did not deem it safe that we should go further, lest we might be "gobbled up" by the Yankee cavalry, and compelled to go a good deal further. On returning to camp I found that orders had been issued for two day's rations, and orders to call in the detailed men, preparatory to a move, which was generally supposed to be backwards. At two o'clock Sunday morning the head of the column moved promptly. Ewell's corps moved back to Bealeton, following the line of the railroad. (Heth's and Wilcox's divisions, of A. P. Hill's corps, had previously moved back to Bealeton in order to destroy the railroad.) Anderson's division, of Hill's corps, moved back to Bealeton via Greenwich and Auburn, a route somewhat more circuitous. With this column I came along. The two columns, which had diverged on leaving Bristow, converged again at Bristow. But on account of the lack of water at Bealeton, Anderson's division was compelled to come further on, within a mile of the Rappahannock river, where it halted Sunday evening about dusk, having been on the tramp for sixteen hours and passed over a distance of nearly thirty miles with scarcely any stragglers.

Another night in camp, and soon day breaks, finding the camp all astir and the troops ready to move. The morning, however, is chilly and my horse trembles as if seized with an ague. After partaking of breakfast, I push on to the river. Here I find the fortifications thrown up by the Yankees to protect the railroad bridge, which in their retreat they not only burnt, but also blew up one of the stone piers in order to prevent our repairing it readily. Falling in with Wilcox's old brigade, I pass to the South side of the Rappahannock over the pontoon bridge, the river being too high for fording. On the South side of the river there are also works thrown up by the Yankees for the protection of the railway bridge.

From this point back, even as far as Culpeper C. H., the atmosphere for every hundred yards is impregnated with the stench of dead horses, which lie about on every hand. I also saw a dead Yankee unburied, not more than two miles from Culpeper C. H. How any of the human species can live in a land filled with such offensive odors, and literally now a barren waste, passes my comprehension. Yankee bones bleach every hillside of this part of the Old Dominion—no less living monuments to the bravery of our Southern race than they are imperishable memorials of the folly of the crusade upon which our foes have embarked.

The troops have all, doubtless, recrossed. The enemy attempted no advance upon our retiring columns, if, indeed, they know of it. Thus you see the campaign is over. Its results are briefly summed up. We have captured about fifteen hundred of the enemy, with some small arms, killed and wounded at least as many more, and torn up the Orange and Alexandria Railroad for twenty-five miles, with a loss of not over twelve hundred in killed and wounded, some few prisoners, and four pieces of artillery, (those lost by Hill's corps at Bristow Station.) Whether the game was worth the candle, I will not attempt to decide. Some think we have done wonders. It has only taken ten days to do *all this*.

Before closing, let me say a word to our home-folks about our shoeless soldiers. That word shall be simple and practical. I have seen brave men who had walked all the way from the Rapidan to Bristow Station, and back to Culpeper with bare feet. And these same men had never straggled, but were always ready to meet the foe. I saw those men on yesterday morning making their way with their uncovered feet through mud and mire and slosh, in the midst of a heavy rain, with as much indifference to the storm, and more of buoyancy and cheerfulness than can well be imagined, under the circumstances. The Government cannot furnish these men. Shall private munificence fail? Must the men who are standing like a wall of fire between us and the foe go unremembered of their countrymen, and actually suffer for clothing when private liberality could readily supplement the government deficiency. Shoes and socks, too, are needed. Where are our brave women, and why do they not respond? Are their thoughts turned from patriotism to greed of gain. Both the married and unmarried ladies should set to work and at once to send shoes to the soldiers, and socks to those who are unsupplied with this necessary article of wearing apparel.

We publish to-day the card of Col. Bryan Grimes, of the 4th N. C. Troops. It will be seen that he has withdrawn his name as a candidate in the Second Congressional District in favor of the Hon. R. R. Bridgers, of Edgecombe.

We learn that 146 deserters arrived here under guard from the West, on Saturday night. General Hoke is doing good service in the West and we hope the last deserter will soon be returned to duty.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office,
RICHMOND, Sept. 8, 1863.

[EXTRACT.]
SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 213.

III. THE BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION IS AUthorized to raise and equip in each of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, one Battalion of Six Companies of mounted men, who furnish their own horses and who are not liable to conscription, to be under the orders of the Bureau, for the purposes of conscription, the arrest of deserters and for local defence, mustered for one year.

Companies to elect their officers. The field officers to be assigned from officers belonging to the Enrolling service.

Companies not to exceed one hundred, rank and file.

By command of the Secretary of War:
[Signed] JOHN WITHERS,
Assistant Adjutant General.

By order of Col. John S. Preston, Superintendent:
[Signed] P. N. PAGE,
Captain and A. A. G.

NOTICE.

CONSCRIPT OFFICE, N. C.,
RALEIGH, Oct. 7, 1863.

The commandant invites the attention of all persons capable of bearing arms, but who are exempt from military duty under the present regulations, to the above order of the Secretary of War. It will be seen that it is the intention of the Department to raise a Battalion of mounted men for special service in North Carolina, and the Commandant hopes that all able bodied men, who may be exempt by reason of having furnished substitutes or otherwise, will not shrink from this call, but will hasten to enlist in the defense of their homes, their firesides and the State that gave them birth.

Parties enlisting in this Battalion will be exempt from duty in the Militia and Home Guard, and will receive the pay and allowance of cavalrymen. The Enrolling Officers throughout the State are authorized to receive recruits, or they may report directly at either of the Camps of Instruction.

By order of COL. PETER MALLETT,
Commandant of Conscripts for N. C.
HUGH L. COLE, Captain and A. A. A. G.
Oct 16-1m

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Oct. 14, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD NO. 3, COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers:
Surgeon M. F. ARENDELL,
Surgeon W. W. FOOTE,

Will meet at the town of Salisbury, in Rowan county, on Friday and Saturday, 23d and 24th October.

At Statesville, in Iredell county, on Tuesday and Wednesday, 27th and 28th.

At Lincolnton, Lincoln county, on Monday and Tuesday, the 2d and 3d November.

At Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, on Friday and Saturday, the 6th and 7th November.

At Concord, Cabarrus county, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 10th and 11th November,

For the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from "Home Guard" duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's Office.

EDWARD WARREN,
Oct 16-tnov11 Surgeon General North Carolina.

Office Medical Director,
GENERAL HOSPITALS N. C.,
Raleigh, October 9th, 1863.

SURGEONS IN CHARGE OF HOSPITALS WILL not permit any Steward or Agent to purchase Hospital supplies, except for cash, or on the written order of the Surgeon. Accounts incurred, in disregard of these instructions, will not be recognized.

By order of the Surgeon General:
P. E. HINES,
Oct 10 2awlm Medical Director.

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Oct. 8th, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD, NO. 2. COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers:
Surgeon EUGENE GRISSOM,
Surgeon RICHARD B. HAYWOOD,

will meet at the town of Smithfield, in Johnston County, on Monday, the 19th of October.

Kinston, in Lenoir, Wednesday, the 21st.

Kenansville, Duplin, on Friday and Saturday, the 23d and 24th.

Clinton, in Sampson on Monday and Tuesday, the 26th and 27th.

Wilmington, in New Hanover, on Thursday and Friday, the 29th and 30th of October,

for the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's office.

EDWARD WARREN,
Oct 9-t30 Surgeon General.

Headquarters, Raleigh, N. C.,
October 8th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.

I. In obedience to Special Order, No. 23, Headquarters Department of N. C., Paragraph II, the undersigned assumes Command of this Post.

II. It is made the duty of all Officers who remain in the city over 24 hours to report to this office, and men on arriving who intend to remain to obtain pass from Provost Marshal.

III. Officers who are improperly absent from their commands will be reported at once to their Commanding Officers. The men will be arrested and sent to their commands.

IV. In order to avoid unpleasant detention and arrest, citizens upon arriving here will furnish evidence of their exemption from military service to the Provost Marshal.

[Signed] PETER MALLETT,
Oct 8-1m Col. Com'd'g Post.

Surgeon General's Office,
RALEIGH, Sept. 27, 1863.

MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD NO. 1, COMPOSed of the following named Medical Officers,
Surgeon E. A. CRUDUP,
Surgeon HENRY JOYNER,

will meet at the town of Warrenton, in Warren county, on Monday, the 5th of October; at Jackson, in Northampton county, on Wednesday, the 7th; at Windsor, in Bertie county, on Friday, the 9th; at Tarboro, in Edgecombe county, on Monday, the 12th; at Nashville, in Nash county, on Wednesday, the 14th; at Louisburg, in Franklin county, on Saturday, the 17th; at Summerville, in Harnett county, on Wednesday, the 21st; at Fayetteville, in Cumberland county, on Friday and Saturday, 23d and 24th; at Lumberton, in Robeson county, on Monday, the 26th, and at Raleigh, in Wake county, on Thursday, the 29th of October, for the purpose of examining all persons who claim exemption from Home Guard duty on account of physical disability, according to the provisions of General Order No. 3, issued from the Adjutant General's office.

EDWARD WARREN,
Sept 29-t30 Surgeon General.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

FOR SALE.

8,000 POUNDS LEAF TOBACCO FOR SALE, privately, most of it a No. 1 article, sound and in good order. For further particulars, address "O. P. Q.," Kittrell's Depot, N. C. Oct 24-5t*

QUAKER MEADOWS FOR RENT.

ON BEHALF OF THE WIDOW AND HEIRS OF the late Col. Jas. C. S. McDowell, I shall, on Saturday the 14th day of November next, at the Court House in Morganton, lease for 2 years to the highest bidder the lands and plantation known as "Quaker Meadows."

This place lies on the Catawba River, about 2 miles from Morganton, and for situation and fertility is unsurpassed by any Farm in the County of Burke.

The tract consists of about 1,600 acres, one half of which is cleared, and of this more than 500 acres rich river bottom.

The place will be let in two parcels.

The Homestead contains a large 2 story Brick Dwelling, with the usual out buildings found on a large plantation.

The other section has a good Dwelling House and out Houses.

Possession given immediately.

At the same time and place will be sold a quantity of Corn, Wheat, Rye, Fodder, Hay, &c., and a few Negroes hired out.

Oct 22-tawl4nov CHAS. MANLY.

LAND FOR SALE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT OF Equity in the cases of Franklin and Elam Smith, *ex parte*, made at Fall Term, 1863, the undersigned Clerk and Master in Equity, will proceed to sell the Lands in the pleadings mentioned and described on Monday of Court week—being the 16th day of November, A. D., 1863.—There are two tracts—one belonging to Franklin and the other to Elam Smith—containing each about 130 acres, which will be sold *separately*. The Land is about 10 miles East of Raleigh, adjoins the land of Tom. Bridges, Burrell Temple and others, and is the lot of land which was allotted to the said Franklin and Elam by the Commissioners who were appointed by the County Court to divide the Land between the heirs of John Smith, dec'd.

The sale will take place at 12 m. at the Court House door on a credit of six months with approved security, or for *cash*, if the purchaser desires it.

Oct 10-td R. G. LEWIS, C. M. E.

ATTENTION CAPITALISTS—1,100 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE (1,100) Eleven Hundred Acres of Land, 14 miles South East of Concord and about 3 miles East of the Reed Gold Mine. The land is well adapted to the culture of wheat and tobacco, is very heavily timbered with Oak, Pine and Hickory, has abundance of the purest Water, and can be made one of the best Stock Farms in the Southern Confederacy. Confederate money taken in payment. For further particulars address, enclosing stamps,

CHAS. F. HARRIS,
Oct 20-1w Box 18, Concord, N. C.

Richmond Sentinel and Columbia Guardian copy one week daily and send bills to Bulletin for collection.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF NO. 1 COUNTRY RIFLES. APPLY to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K., N. C. Railroad Depot.

THOS. D. HOGG,
Oct 20-tf Major and Ordnance Officer.
Standard copy till forbid.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST PRINTING ESTBLISHMENTS in the State, consisting of a No. 4 Washington Press complete; an Empire Job Press, capable of making 1,500 impressions per hour; 250 pounds Long Primer; 300 pounds Brevier, and sixty pounds Nonpareil, together with some 50 Fonts of Newspaper and Job Type; a fine Imposing Stone; 4 double Stands with racks; Standing Galleys, Slide Galleys, Wood and Brass Galleys, Imposing and Job Sticks, Chases, Furniture, &c.—in fact a complete office, nearly new, having been in operation only a few months previous to the breaking out of the war, and has not been in use since then. can be purchased cheap by early application to JOHN NICHOLS,
Oct 13 tf Raleigh, N. C.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, IF APPLICATION BE MADE soon, a good and desirable residence in the city, about 150 yards South of the Governor's Palace, on Fayetteville street. For terms, &c., apply to

July 16-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASK. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department.

THOS. D. HOGG,
July 4-tf Captain C. S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASONIC.

THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND REPRESENTAtives of the GRAND LODGE of Free and Accepted Masons of North Carolina will meet at the Masonic Hall, in this city, on Monday evening the 7th of December next at 7 o'clock.

A full representation is earnestly desired, as business of much importance will then and there be submitted for the consideration of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,
Oct 20-oawtlstWD Grand Secretary.

NOTICE!!

THE FIRM HERETOFORE KNOWN UNDER THE appellation of Lack & Farriss, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm, and all to whom the concern is indebted, will please settle and present their claims to C. M. Farriss, by whom the business will in future be conducted.

C. M. Farriss tenders his acknowledgements to the patrons of the old firm for their liberality and punctuality, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same under his auspices.

CHAS. M. FARRISS.
Sept 8-tf

TO GAS CONSUMERS.

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF NOVEMBER NEXT the price of Gas will be $20 per thousand feet.

Oct 16-tlnov WATERHOUSE & BOWES.

Bank Cape Fear, Oct. 16, 1863.

DIVIDEND No. 180.

A DIVIDEND OF 5 PER CENT. HAS BEEN DEclared by this Bank, payable to the Stockholders on 1st November.

Oct 20-2w J. G. BURR, Cash'r.
Fayetteville Observer and Raleigh Standard copy 2 weeks.

CIRCULAR SAW MILL.

THE NEUSE MANUFACTURING COMPANY WISH to purchase the gearing, carriage and saw of a Circular Saw Mill, to be run by water power. Address

S. H. ROGERS, President,
Oct 19-tf Or H. W. HUSTED, Treasurer.
Standard, Christian Advocate and Biblical Recorder 2 weeks each.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO PRODUCERS OF THE 5th Congressional District that from and after the 15th inst., the Produce tax will be received at all the depots in said District. Farmers are requested to aid the public service by promptly bringing in their Tithe, especially wheat, which is now much needed by the army. Agents are authorized to contract with millers for grinding the Tithe wheat, by which means the point of delivery is brought nearer the producer. Corn in the ear will not be received before the 1st of November, and shelled corn not sooner than the 1st of January next.

C. B. HARRISON,
Oct 14-3w Capt. & P. Q. M. 5th Con. Dis. N. C.
Hillsboro Recorder and Standard copy 6 times.

THE COPARTNERSHIP

KNOWN AS GEO. BISHOP & Co., HILLSBORO', is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle.—Those having claims will please present them for payment.

GEO. BISHOP.
Aug 21-tf F. J. GARDNER.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$1 00	One week	$3 00
Two days	2 00	Two weeks	12 00
Three days	3 00	Three weeks	18 00
Four days	4 00	One month	24 00
Five days	5 00	Two months	48 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons, and no contracts will be open save in accordance with these terms. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

Exchange Notice, &c.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 16, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING CONFEDERATE OFFICERS and men are hereby declared duly exchanged:

1. All officers and men captured and paroled at any time previous to the 1st of September, 1863. This notice, however, is not intended to include any officers or men captured at Vicksburg July 4th, 1863, except such as were declared exchanged by Exchange Notice No. 6, Sept. 12th, 1863, or are specifically named in this notice. But it does embrace all deliveries made at City Point or other places before Sept. 1st, 1863, and with the limitation above named, all captures at Port Hudson or any other place where the parties were released on parole.

2. The Staff of Generals Pemberton, Stevenson, Bowen, Moore, Barton, S. D. Lee, Cummings, Harris and Baldwin, and of Colonels Reynolds, Cockrell and Dockery; the officers and men belonging to the Engineer Corps and Sappers and Miners, and the 4th and 46th Mississippi Regiments, all captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863.

3. The general officers captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863, were declared exchanged July 13th, 1863.

ROBERT OULD,
Agent of Exchange.

Southern papers publish six times and send bills to the War Department. [Oct 21-6t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS BELONGING TO B COMPANY Home Guard and claiming exemptions *from any cause whatever* are notified to bring me their papers on or before next Saturday, or they will be sent for and turned over to the proper authorities to be dealt with as the Law directs. This notice is given by order of the Colonel of the Regiment.

Oct 20-5t W. R. RICHARDSON, Capt.

REWARDS.

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON SUNday last, at Charlotte, N. C., my negro man TOM, aged twenty eight years. He is about five feet ten inches in height, of dark complexion, stammers when frightened, weighs about one hundred and sixty pounds, head and face small and round. He is a very likely negro. Tom is no doubt trying to get to Currituck county with a forged pass, and will probably pass through Raleigh and Weldon. He is familiar with Railroads. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me.

Oct 23-2w* WM. R. GORDON.

NORTH CAROLINA,
GRANVILLE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, August Term, 1863:

Thomas Pleasants and Wife and others, vs. John Falkner and Thomas Edwards, } Petition to sell land for partition.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John Falkner and Thomas Edwards, the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Raleigh Progress, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court and answer the petition, the same will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte* as to them.

Witness, Augustine Landis, Clerk of said Court, at office in Oxford, the first Monday of August, 1863.

Setp 18-law6t A. LANDIS, C. C. C.

RUNAWAY COMMITTED TO JAIL.

WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL OF WARREN County, on the 4th Sept., 1863, a negro man who says his name is GEORGE, and that he is generally called Mun or Munroe, and that he belongs to Mr. Rob't Lattimer or Lattimore, who lives near Canton, in Madison County, Miss., and that he runaway from his master in March, 1862, and has since been most of the time in the service of Capt. Jas. Mason, of the 4th Mississippi Reg't, from whom he again runaway at Grenada, Mississippi. The said negro is about 5 feet 4 inches high, black, and appears about 35 years of age. He has a slight scar in his forehead, nearly over the left eye, which he says was caused by a fall from a horse.

The owner is hereby notified to prove his property, pay charges and take him away or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

E. C. WADDILL,
Oct 10-law6m Jailor.

COTTON YARNS, COTTON YARNS.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS FOR Wax, Tallow or Lard, either in large or small quantities. Fair exchange made at the Graham Candle Factory.

KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 7-1m Graham, N. C.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY,
Raleigh, Sept. 25, 1863.

IN ORDER TO AVOID MISUNDERSTANDING AND to make our charges conform to the liability assumed, this Company hereby give notice that from and after October 1st, 1863, shippers will be required to place their valuation upon each package before it will be received. Such value will be inserted in the Company's receipt and establish the liability of the Company for the amount, the act of God and the public enemy only excepted.

Sept 26-4w A. P. C. BRYAN, Agent.

NOTICE.

HAVING QUALIFIED AT THE PRESENT TERM of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Lenoir county as Administrator on the estate of Henry S. Blackwell, deceased, late of Newbern, all creditors of the estate are invited to present claims for payment and all persons owing the estate to make payment to me at Graham, Alamace county, N. C.

THOMAS J. MITCHELL,
Sept 28-1m Administrator Graham, N. C.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

THE CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS IN THIS District, Messrs. ARRINGTON and TURNER, will address their fellow-citizens at the places and times following:

Monday,	26th October,	Rolesville,	Wake.
Tuesday,	27th "	Busbee's,	"
Wednesday,	28th "	Barney Jones',	"
Thursday,	29th "	Lashley's X Roads,	"
Friday,	30th "	Green Level,	"
Saturday,	31st "	Law's,	"

Mr. Turner will address the people of Raleigh and vicinity in the Court House on the evening of Tuesday, the 27th October. Oct 13-td

LARD, TALLOW AND WAX WANTED

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES WILL BE PAID FOR either of the above articles, either in large or small quantities, at the Candle Factory, in Graham, N. C.—All those that have will please to address

KLAPP & BERRY,
Oct 5-1m Graham, N. C.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. We give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, CAPT. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25-6m

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to care.

FRANK J. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer.
Standard copy

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.
June 2-tf RALEIGH N. C.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

MONDAY, OCT. 26, 1863.

☞ **How to Send us Money.**—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by Express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

☞ **Rags Advanced.**—We will pay 12½ cents a pound for all the clean Cotton rags delivered at the Progress office.

☞ **Job Printing.**—Having an abundance of material and good workmen we are prepared to execute all orders for Job Printing with dispatch.

ADVANCE IN TERMS.

The rapid advance in the price of everything used in the publication of this paper, or in any way connected with it, renders an advance in our terms necessary to continue the paper and to enable us and the worthy men in our service to live. Owing to an advance in the material used in the manufacture of paper, we have been notified of an advance of 25 cents on the pound in that article, making the cost of paper 75 cents per pound. When we state that as late as last Spring we only paid 25 cents for paper, the necessity for an advance in our rates will be apparent. We have also to submit to an advance of one hundred per cent. in the cost of Ink, while our expenses for labor, telegraphic reports, wood, gas, glue, &c., have been more than doubled in the last few months.

For these reasons our rates for subscription and advertising will be as follows, on and after the

FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1863.

Daily paper, one month,	$2 00
" three months,	6 00
" Six months,	10 00

No subscription taken for a shorter period than one nor longer than six months. We print nothing but a Daily paper, and subscriptions will only be received in accordance with the above terms, and in no case will the paper be sent without the money.

After the first of November our price to Agents and News Dealers will be $8 per hundred, and the price of single copies at the Counter and from Newsboys will be 15 cents.

Subscriptions will be received until the 1st of November at our present rates.

ADVERTISING RATES

On and after the 1st of November will be as follows:

One square, eight lines or less, solid minion, one day, $2, and for every additional day $1:50, and the same for additional squares. Persons sending advertisements from a distance may, by counting 50 words as a square, calculate the cost for any number of insertions, and accompany the advertisement with the money. Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance or they will not be inserted. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 for each square for every insertion. These rates will apply to advertisements of any length.

Marriages, deaths and everything of a personal character are charged for as advertisements.

To Printers.

One or two Printers can find steady employment in this office by immediate application. None but good, steady Printers need apply. The highest wages will be paid.

The chase after Meade is ended, the campaign in Northern Virginia is over for the season; we made nothing by the pursuit of Meade, but lost heavily at Bristow Station, and our army is again falling back towards Richmond. This is the simple truth.—Meade's retreat was a success. It seems to have been the intention of Gen. Lee to move forward, get between Meade and Washington and compel him to fight at a disadvantage, but the enemy must have got wind of the intended movement, for they pulled up stakes and put out some twenty-four hours before the movement of our forces commenced.

The great Yankee army is now massed behind their work at Manassas, or Arlington, and Gen. Lee has nothing left but to fall back where he can be nearer Richmond and more convenient to his base of supplies.

What will be the next move of the "grand army," it is impossible to tell, but we think it hardly possible that there will be another attempt to reach Richmond from Northern Virginia, certainly not this Winter. Meade may change his base, however, to Fortress Monroe and advance by the Peninsula, or make a demonstration at West Point, but in case he should he will find Gen. Lee in place to meet him.

But while we look for comparative quiet in Virginia for months to come, we may expect activity elsewhere, and our own coast will be likely to have its turn. The enemy, at Newbern, refused to receive a flag of truce a few days ago, though the object of it was to send down an English subject who had a passport to go North; and we are assured there have been changes made in the disposition of troops there in the last few days. We may have no movement in North Carolina for some time, in fact we do not expect one immediately, but we cannot help but think that we are to be sorely tried during the coming Winter, and it behooves our people to be on the alert.

The Yankee army which recently stretched along the Rapidan will not remain idle. If no immediate move is to be made on Richmond, a part of it will garrison Washington while the balance will be transferred to some other field—to Chattanooga, Charleston, or possibly to Eastern North Carolina. We have had a long calm, but we very much fear that a terrible storm is to follow.

Killed and Wounded.—The following is a list of killed and wounded in the "Goldsboro' Rifles"—Co. A., 27th Reg't—in the recent engagement, in Virginia, compiled from a private letter received at Goldsboro':

Killed—Lt Joel J Denmark, Henry Parker, Joseph D Howard, and Ezekiel Holloman.

Wounded—Capt James D Bryan, leg amputated and wounded in back when being carried from the field; Wm Hollowell, leg amputated; Mike Wood, supposed to be mortally; James Roberts, slightly in foot; Wm Faircloth, slightly in arm; — Flowers, in arm; H Warrick, left arm broke. His brother, E Warrick, in left thigh; J Gardenir, in leg; R Holloman, in leg; B Sasser, badly in leg; Overman, badly in body; McIntyre, badly in arm; Joe. Sauls, missing.

Col John A Gilmer and Lt Col Geo Whitfield, are both wounded, so is Gen Cook.

Four desperate characters escaped from Castle Thunder on Thursday morning, between two and three o'clock, murdering a sentinel—Sutton Byrd, Co. C, 5th N. C. Troops—as they emerged from the prison. The scoundrels made good their escape and

The News—The Press Reports.

We have no news by the mails. We give a portion of the casualties in the recent fight at Bristow Station, furnished by our attentive correspondent.

In Virginia, Tennessee and at Charleston active operations seem to have given way to the routine of camp life. There have been some cavalry movements in East Tennessee, in which the enemy have been driven back, but we do not look for any permanent advantage from it, unless more is done.

We give a large *quantity of telegraph* this morning, but some of it is rather stale. We got dispatches late Saturday afternoon that appeared in the Richmond papers on Saturday morning, which papers went to press at 10 o'clock Friday night. This being so and the wire being in order, we ought to have got the dispatches Friday night, and for the failure we doubt not but the Richmond office is to blame. We pay the wire tolls and the assessments of the Association, and we demand better treatment. Whatever news reaches Richmond in time for the city papers should be transmitted to the press of the country the same night, and unless it is done the Association is a humbug, as far as the country press is concerned. We have born this patiently and in silence, with a hope that the monopoly being practiced at Richmond would cease, but we can bear it no longer, and hereafter shall "speak out" whenever we feel we are neglected. Richmond is not the Confederacy, nor are the Richmond papers the only ones published in the country. We are tired of receiving dispatches, by telegraph, after the Richmond papers containing them and printed thirty-six hours before, have reached us.

A Cavalry Victory in Tennessee.—The following press dispatch appears in the Richmond papers of Friday, but for some cause, better known to some of the Agents of the Press Association than to us, it was not sent to Raleigh. We honor the drafts of the Superintendant and we think we are entitled to all the dispatches:

Chickamauga, Oct. 21.

To General S. Cooper:—The following dispatches have been received from Major-General Stevenson:

Charleston, Tenn., Oct. 20.—The cavalry under Morrison and Dibbord attacked the enemy's cavalry in force at Philadelphia to-day, capturing about four hundred prisoners, their artillery, small arms, camp equipage, &c. Our loss nothing. They are in pursuit of the enemy, who are entirely routed.

Charleston, Oct. 21.—The enemy were pursued to their defences at London, and arrived there after dark. The force there is not known. Their loss is seven hundred prisioners, fifty wagons loaded with stores, ten ambulances, six pieces of artillery, a lot of horses, mules and other property.

(Signed) Braxton Bragg.

P. S.—Lightining Line.—The above dispatch, which we got from the Richmond papers of Friday morning, the 23d, reached us by *wire* on the afternoon of the 24th, after we had got it in type. We pay for the dispatches, we are entitled to them and we demand them. We call the especial attention of Col. Thrasher, the Superintendent, and Mr. Creame, the Agent at Richmond, to the negligence in this instance. The fault is at Richmond or between here and there. We know it is not at the Raleigh office.—[Ed. Progress.

Look to Your Lots.—One smoke house was entered and robbed, besides other smaller thefts, in this city, on Saturday night. We advise all who have anything in the provision line to keep a strict watch over it, for there are a large number of persons in this community, black and white, who have no visible means of support, and must live by stealing.—Vigilance with a good gun is the best means of protection against these raids.

Capt. Larkin G. Allen, a citizen of this county, was found dead on the Railroad track near Busbee's, on Saturday morning. We learned that an inquest was to be held yesterday, but were unable to gather any particulars.

Ex. Gov. Morehead made a speech before the Virginia Legislature one day last week for the purpose of explaining his scheme for the relief of the currency to that body.

The Richmond Enquirer.

Not satisfied with libelling, insulting and villifying the people of North Carolina, the *Enquirer* has made an attempt, recently, to gag a portion of the freemen of the city of Richmond who have dared to hold public meetings ank denounce extortion, speculation, &c. This will not astonish any one, however, who has watched the course of that paper, for nothing can be plainer than that the Irishman who controls it wants a "strong government," one in the management of which the masses are not to be consulted, and whose benefits will only be enjoyed by the few. After all that the *Enquirer* has said about the people of this State and her loyal citizens it is astonishing that there should be a citizen found to countenance it.

But let us see what some of the freemen in the city in which it is published think of it. We find the following in the local column of the *Sentinel* of Thursday:

Mass Meeting.—In respect to the call by the "Committee of Seven," for a meeting of all citizens, who are in favor of the anti extortion bill now before the Legislature, which call was not made until after 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, a full assemblage convened at City Hall, on Wednesday, at half past 7 o'clock.

Mr. Bragg occupied the Chair, and Mr. Adolphus Gary acted as Secretary.

Mr. Bragg, on taking the Chair, offered a few remarks pertinent to the occasion.

The "Standing Committee of Seven" offered the following resolutions, which were adopted by the meeting with great unanimity:

Whereas, It is a conceded point in all free Governments, that all power is derived from the governed, we claimed the right of freemen to peaceably assemble and present our grievances to the Legislature, in the name and mode guaranteed by the Constitution, without asking the consent of any man or set of men, and we unhesitatingly declare that no editor, however arrogant or dictatorial he may appear, shall deter us from the path, which both patriotism and duty to our beloved country have pointed out; and at the same time we award to those, who differ with us in our views, the same right as ourselves to assemble and declare their views, that our representatives may understand correctly the position in which they are placed; that they may perform the high duties imposed upon them by a common constituency, which is the proper mode for them to pursue, without placing themselves in a categorical list as candidates for the "Penitatiary," or being denounced by us as a "mob," for the exercise of those inestimable rights which belong to freemen. Therefore,

1. *Resolved*, That the liberty of speech and of the press is the common inheritance of freemen, bequeathed to us by the Revolution of 1776; and we look upon those who would abridge the one and exercise the other, to deter freemen from peaceably assembling to express their views upon any and every subject, as enemies to republican liberty, for which we are contending.

2. *Resolved*, That while we respect the opinions of others, and charge no improper motives in the exercise of those opinions, except those who are engaged in extortion, or those who receive a compensation for acting as

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...worthy of the high calling of the *tripod*, because it is either right nor proper for him to dictate either to the people or the Legislature, what they shall or ought to do because he only expresses his individual sentiments, and is only a unit in the calender of the constituency in the choice of representatives, and as such, he should call a meeting of those opposed to the bill before the Legislature, and state his views, and not skulk behind the bulwarks of the press, which, when free, is a blessing; when licentious, a curse.

3. *Resolved*, That as the Enquirer has made an unmitigated and unjustifiable assault upon each and every man present at the meeting of citizens held on the 10th inst., we say to the editor of that paper, that resolution No. 6, of a series of resolutions adopted at that meeting, is not, as he is pleased to term said resolution, neither "highfalten nonsense," or a threat at "mob violence," and that no man of common sense could place the latter construction upon it; and we say to the patriotic Governor of this good old Commonwealth, and to the Mayor of this city, that we pledge ourselves to aid them in the enforcement of all laws tending to the maintenance of good order.

4. *Resolved*, That we heartily applaud the measures adopted by the farmers in some of the counties, and we pledge ourselves to do all we can to encourage their patriotic endeavors to relieve the wants of the people.

Mr. E. B. Robinson then addressed the meeting and indulged at length in relation to the course pursued by the Richmond Enquirer.

From Lee's Army—Killed and Wounded in 27th Reg't at Bristow Station, &c.

Headq'rs Cooke's Brigade,
Bristow Station, Va.,
October 15, 1863.

Dear Progress:—The fight which commenced at this place, Bristow Station, on yesterday evening, at 2 o'clock, p. m., continued with unabated fury until after dark. Our loss in killed was comparatively small, but in wounded, much larger than common, and especially in officers. Below I give you as far as possible a list of both as far as I could obtain it, of the 27th. I will forward the list of the other Reg'ts of our brigade as soon as I can procure them:

Field and Staff—Wounded—Gen Jno R Cooke, small bone of left leg broken; Col Jno A Gilmer, Jr., bullet wound through left thigh; Lt Col Geo Whitfield, seriously wounded, and taken by the enemy, but left by them when they fell back; Sergt Maj R D Weatherly, abdomen seriously.

Co A.—Wounded—Capt Jas Bryan, struck five times, right leg amputated; Lt Jno Bryan, wounded slightly in leg; Lt J J Denmark. Killed—Private J J Parker. Wounded—Privates H Warrick, left arm broken, John Piko, side and shoulder by shell, slightly, E Warrick, left leg, slightly, Jno T Roberts, hollow of right foot, E K Phillman, left leg broken, Jno Nash, left thigh, slight, W H Faircloth, slightly in right hand, W F Flowers, slightly in left arm, S B Killpatrick, flesh wound in right leg, Geo Seagall, flesh wound right thigh, Rich'd Holloman, left knee slightly, M W Musgrave, left foot, right hand slightly, Corp R T McIntyre, right arm broken, F G Foreman, flesh wound, left shoulder, Eli Bain, fore finger, left hand, E P Piner, left shoulder slightly, Joseph Peacock, bruised in left shoulder, Rich'd Avery, right arm slightly, Joseph Howard, killed.

Co B.—Killed—Lt J H McKnight; Private John Kennedy. Wounded—Sergt W U Steiner, slightly in thigh; Corp H R Forbis, right hip severely, Wm Summer, forehead slightly, Jos. W Rankin, through right lung severely, S B Gray, stunned by explosion of shell, A L Orell, right leg, flesh wound slight, W F Hunter, flesh wound right hand and thigh, R S Smith, slight wound in right foot, R B Gibson, slightly in hand, L S Lineberry, right shoulder severely, W W Burnside, right thigh, flesh wound, J H Coble, right hip, flesh wound, Jno W McNairy, flesh wound, left knee, will loose the leg, J W Mc Dowell, slightly in the foot, W D Dennis, A S Stanley, wounded in the face, recaptured, John T Sockwell, in the neck, mortally, (since dead,) Sergt E M Crowson, prisoner and wounded slightly in leg, Cyrus Crowson, slightly in both legs, released, C W Stratford, left thigh slightly, E F Shuler, left leg slightly, James R Pierce, flesh wound in leg, a prisoner, L N Isley, both thighs flesh wounds, Wm May, severely in the head, H Crider, breast, (since dead,) R B McLean lost 2 toes.

Co C.—Killed—Private Caleb Brown. Wounded—W B Cassey, in hand slightly, F Aldridge, hand and arm slightly, R H Aldridge, arm slightly, H Lovett, foot slightly, Jesse Sutton, shoulder badly, R H Kennedy, thigh badly, J H Barrow, arm seriously, M Peal, arm slightly, Jas Fields, leg seriously, P Radford, hand slightly, R H Sutton, leg slightly, D Savage hip slightly, Jas Potter, John Potter, Jordan Potter, W Waters, thigh, flesh wounds; R C Fields, foot slightly, Corp Ben Woolton, badly, (since died,) Thos Herring, bruised in side by shell, Alex Sutton, Joshua Suggs, bruised with shell and missing, supposed to be prisoners.

Co D—Killed—none. Wounded—Lts C W Jones and C Harper slightly wounded: Lt T F Worley, in right foot slightly; Sergt D G Taylor, left leg, flesh wound, Sergt E Goodman, leg severe, Sergt H S Minn, leg, arm and face, flesh wounds: Corp Z Harper, left leg slight, Corp J R Gray, slightly. Privates A B Blizzard, severely in head, W D Carter, right hand, B A Carter, left fore finger gone, Lewis Davenport, left leg, flesh wound, Wm J. Freeman, neck and right shoulder severe, John Howard, left leg, James Hardy, thigh slight, Q E Lee, side severely, D C Lee, right thigh slight, Jno Quinn, left hip severely, Daniel Stroud, thigh and stomach severe, R C Rogers, right arm severe, Wm S Worley, left hand, Wm Outlaw, Rich'd Deaver, Arebas Turner, prisoners and wounded. Missing—Wm Brown.

Co E.—Killed—Privates Jas Parker, R K Murphy. Wounded—1st Lt J R Tyre, mortally in breast, (since died), Privates J W Morris, through bowels, (since died), Jas Brewer, flesh wound left leg, B A Buck, right foot slightly, H Corbit, slightly left knee, Dempsey Corbit, slightly in leg, Sergt Henry Brantley, left hand fore finger, Corp E A Barrett, right thigh, flesh wound, Howell Corbit, left thigh broken, E S Parker left thigh broken, H G Smith, slightly on right hand, Jesse Murphy, right shoulder slightly, Rich'd K Murphy, bowels severely.

Co. F.—Killed—Private Elias Lane; W T Summers, color bearer, Calvin Hendrix.

Wounded—Capt T D Jones, left side severely; Lt F Nixon, right leg, flesh wound, Lt Wm Mebane, Sgt Theophelous White, taken prisoners; Corp David Hobbs, head and right arm slight; Privs Thos Riddick, mortally, (since died,) Mordecai Bundy, stomach severely, Joshua Knight, both legs severely, Daniel Pyler, calf of left leg slightly, Wm Meissenheimer, right knee severely, Isaiah Overman, left arm, flesh wound, Jos Barclift, left arm slight, Thos Munden, both thighs, flesh wound, Bryant Dinkens.

Prisoners—Wm Mallory, C C Small, Robt Billups, John Holowell, Andrew White, John Boyce, Timothy White, Thos Nicholson.

Co G—Killed—Privates Jas Shields, Wm Campbell; Corp H P Woods; Privates J E Woods, Geo Merritt, Jas A Gattes, Frank Pearson.

Wounded—Capt Stephen Dixon, left lung; Lt Jas A Graham, right knee very slightly, Lt R D Patterson, right groin; Privs W D Woods, left thigh, flesh wound, S G Strayhorn, slightly in ankle, J H Woods, right thigh, flesh wound, W A Gattis, very slightly in right thigh, John Mowatt, shell wound in groin, Jasper Haley, middle finger of left hand gone, J K Clark, right thigh severely, S P Loohhart, stunned by shell, in stomach, Sam'l L Nelson, right leg severely, Albert Forrest, little finger left hand, Jas Webb, breast seriously, Wm Thompson, right arm slightly, Evans Brown, right arm gone, Henry Pickett, right leg amputated, David Thompson, bruised by shell, slightly, F P Clark, right foot slightly, Wm Newman, through face and right leg, C S Cooley, in the hand slightly, W H Strain, severely in face, G M Dorathy, knee slight, E S Faucitt, thigh, missing.

Co H—Killed—Sgt Fred Mago; Privs L W Harrington, I R Deloach, Edmund Corbit.

Wounded—Capt J A Williams, very severely through the body; Lts H P Price, slightly bruised in Whitley, flesh wound right thigh, H E Nelson, left thigh flesh wound; Corp David Stokes, right thigh broken, W C Burney, flesh wound in leg; Privates F Harrington in stomach, (since died,) G F Evans, left little finger gone, David C Adams, right thigh, flesh wound, W B Garris, little finger left hand gone, Jno A Stokes, bruised left shoulder slightly, D C Smith, severely in groin, (since died,) M A James, bruised left thigh slightly, Jesse Whitly, very slightly in right hand, R R Flemming, slightly bruised in left arm, J H Clark, left shoulder slightly.

Co I—Killed—Privates J H Wilkins, W ... Wounded—Sergt W E Howard.

Wounded—Sgt W E Ward, right ankle slightly; Corpl E M Escue, right wrist slightly; Privs W T Perry, calves of both legs flesh wounds, W Meadows, bruised by shell in leg, I Meadows, bruised by shell in ankle, G W Mason, forehead slightly, H Marshall, flesh wound in thigh, H Owens, flesh wound in thigh, J D Gibbers, severely, (since died,) R H Koonce, very slightly in head, F King, left shoulder seriously, L J Jones, very severely in face and thigh.

Missing—Sgt C Hay, Corp D Russell, S Williams, J R Wren, W F Killingsworth.

Co K—Killed—Lt G S Johnson, Sgt J J Mattox, Privs W T Talbot, W R Sauls. Wounded—Lt Barry Parks, flesh wound; Sgt Wiley Thompson, ankle slightly by shell, Josiah Gardner, instep, left foot, R H Best, bruised in left breast by shell; Corp J P Smith, left jaw and shoulder severely; Privs E G Beaman, left hand slightly, Wm Etheridge, left leg, flesh wound, J H Glun, flesh wound in left leg, Simon Holland, right groin, severely, J W Holland, left hand, severe, Wiley Jones, right thigh, severely, D H Lambeth, left arm, flesh wound, Jackson Mullis, left arm, E H Crocker, stunned by shell, John Allen, slightly in left arm, J G Smith, slightly in right hip, A J Smith, slightly in left hip.

This list is as nearly correct as I can get, in the hurry and excitement of a march. I will report again if any others are reported to me.

Yours, truly, Hal.

We are indebted to Capt. Graham for the following list of casualties in Light Battery C, 10th N. C. T., in the battle of Bristow Station, Oct. 14, 1863, Capt. Joseph Graham commanding:

Killed—Private R Samuel Sloan.

Wounded—Sgt R E Sloan, severe in shoulder; Corps J T Freeman, severe in arm, J H Potts, slight in breast; Privs Thos M Grier, mortally in right lung, Thos Kalorar, in leg, W S Williams, slight in shoulder, David Underwood, right hand shot away.—Killed, 1. Wounded, 7. Total, 8.

Cullpeper Court House,
Oct. 21, 1863.

Dear Editor:—I arrived here this morning on railroad. The cars are running to Rappahannock bridge. The enemy have destroyed everything in this vicinity. I expect to be at Gen. Lee's headquarters to-day.

Stuart had a sharp fight last night between New Baltimore and Buckland, routing the enemy and killing and wounding several hundred besides taking over three hundred prisoners. His own loss but slight.

Up to this time no general engagement has taken place with Lee's army. You have already seen that Cook's and Kirkland's N. C. brigades sustained a considerable loss in encountering a large force of the enemy and not being properly supported had to give way, losing five pieces of artillery. I saw a surgeon just now who was in attendance with our wounded and says there were about five hundred, some dangerously but most slightly wounded—two men each with both arms off, doing well. Already two thousand prisoners have been sent to Richmond—several hundred to go yet. Meade, you know, is in his den at Centreville.

We have just learned from reliable source that Gen. Imboden has had a brilliant victory over the enemy at Martinsburg, capturing the entire force (400) and all their stores.

I saw Gen. Smith this morning who states that yesterday the latest Yankee papers were obtained, which stated that Gen. Rosecrans had been captured by the rebels. Report not credited here, though it come from the Yankees. I will write you again soon. I have had the pleasure of the company of Brig. Gen. Thomas, of Georgia, from North Carolina, on his way to join his command in A. P. Hill's corps. He is a perfect gentleman and gallant officer, and though he has passed the fiery ordeal of numerous hard contested battles and been promoted for his gallantry, he never has received a wound. May he be as fortunate in future. I regret to learn that our gallant Ruffin fell at the head of his column in a charge upon the enemy. His regiment captured a whole Yankee regiment and lost but few men. But the loss of such a man as Col. Ruffin cannot be compensated by thousands of Yankee hirelings. There is a lot of them before me now as I write this note—miserable, filthy looking creatures, some of them badly wounded, barefooted, dirty and ragged. More anon. Excuse this hasty scribble. Everybody I see here in fine spirits. Yours, Henry.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MUSICAL.

MR. AND THE MISSES SLOMAN
will give a Concert at the
Town Hall on Monday Evening, Oct. 26th.
For full particulars see Programme. Oct 26-1t

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

Office Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.,
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 22, 1863.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, will be held in the town of Wilmington, on Wednesday, the 18th of November next.

J. W. THOMPSON,
Oct 26-td Secretary.
Tarboro' Southerner copy td.

DIVIDEND NO. 26.

Office Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.,
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 22, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE DECLARED A DIVIDEND of twenty per cent. on the Capital Stock of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 18th of November next.—Books for Transfer of Stock will be closed on the 1st of November, until after the 16th.

Oct 26-td J. W. THOMPSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Tarboro' Southerner copy td.

Office N. C. Railroad Company,
Yance, Oct. 23, 1863.

A LARGE SALE OF ELIGIBLE TOWN LOTS will be sold at this place on Thursday, November 5th, 1863. The town is finely situated, immediately on the Railroad near Graham; the lots are laid off 200 feet square, the streets 100 feet wide, with two large open squares, and the sale claims the attention of all persons wishing to secure a pleasant and healthy home.

Terms cash, or approved bonds at six months, with interest from date.

Oct 26-td THOMAS WEBB,
President.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY,

A FINE YOUNG MILCH COW AND CALF. Apply at this office. Oct 26-2t

GOODS! GOODS! AT RITTERELL'S DEPOT.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, including Flannels, Calicoes, Bleached Cotton, &c., &c. Also on hand lot of Cracknels,

ELECTION NOTICES.

To the Citizens of the 9th Congressional District:—Fellow-Citizens: After several nominations and repeated solicitations from my friends, I at this late period have consented to become a candidate to represent the people of the 9th Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States. I offer as an apology for the late appearance of my acceptance the mob of the *Standard* office, as my principles reached that place a short time before the office was mobed; they consequently were lost, as I was informed last night by a private letter from the Editor. Thus he announced my name as being a candidate without my views.

Now, fellow-citizens, I state to you, in a form as condensed as possible, my position concerning the various questions now before the public and which will most probably come before the next Congress:

1st. If elected I shall support any measure that will bring about an honorable peace without further effusion of blood. All wars must end, and I think this war can only be closed by negotiation.

2d. I am opposed to mobs or mob violence.

3d. I am opposed to the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*.

4th. I shall sustain with all vigilance the supremacy of the civil over the military law.

5th. The liberty of the press and of speech should not be encroached upon, for they are the bulwarks of our liberties.

6th. Congress should adopt some plan to place our currency on a firmer basis and save the credit of the Confederate government.

7th. My impression now is that I shall vote for the repeal of the Tithing Law, unless instructed by my constituents.

8th. The wages of our brave soldiers should be largely increased and their families especially provided for by the government.

You now have my sentiments, though brief. If you will receive my excuse for not visiting the counties of this District, when I inform you that during most of the campaign I was unable to travel. I am glad that you once more have the privilege of going to the ballot box as freemen and voting for the men whom you wish to represent you. Should I be your choice I will endeavor to make you a faithful and honorable representative.

Oct 26-td S. P. SMITH.

To the Voters of the 2nd Congressional District.—Some time since, contrary to my wishes, I announced myself as a candidate to represent the Second Congressional District in our next Congress.

Preferring to remain in active service until peace and independence is secured, and believing that I can render more effective aid in attaining that end in my present position, I have, under the circumstances, concluded to withdraw my name, trusting that my friends will appreciate the motives which induced me to this step, assuring them that at some future time I will cheerfully assume any trust that they may desire to confer upon me.

Very resespectfully, yours,
BRYAN GRIMES,
Oct 26-6t* Col. 4th N. C. Troops.

To the Editor of the Progress—Dear Sir: As the time is approaching at which members of the next Confederate Congress are to be chosen from the several districts of the State it is perhaps well that those who have the qualified right should exercise it and cast their suffrage upon such persons as they may prefer to serve them in that capacity, more especially at such a time as the present is it essentially important that the mass of the people should look well to their interests and select such persons as deserve their entire confidence without regard to those who may press their own peculiar claims for office, thereby permitting the office to seek the man rather than the man the position. Under such considerations we, as a portion of the citizens and voters of the sixth Congressional District, would, with much deference to the opinions of others, respectfully suggest the name of **Hon. BEDFORD BROWN,** of Caswell, to be voted for as the member of this District, confidently believing as we do that he possesses all the qualifications essential to make a useful and reliable representative, believing that he entertains a deep and abiding interest in the prosperity of our beloved country.

And that he desires that peace should be restored upon honorable and elevated principles, and no other than such would be favor. Well known as he is in the different portions of the district in his long and consistent course in political matters we hope it will meet the approbation of his friends to rally with us, and we think he can be elected by a fair majority. Confident as we are that if so chosen he would accept and faithfully serve them in the next Congress of the Confederate States, as he has never failed to respond to the call of his friends in serving them. MANY CITIZENS.

Anderson's Store, Oct. 15, 1863. Oct 24-td

Notice.—To the Electors of the 2nd Congressional District.—Lieut. Col. E. C. Yellowley, of Pitt, having announced himself as a candidate for your suffrages, and desiring above all else the success of Conservatism, I hereby withdraw my name from that connexion, to the end that Col. Yellowley may be elected; and I desire that my friends shall so consider my withdrawal.

With assurances of my kindest regards for those friends who have so enthusiastically advocated my election, I am
Yours, &c., W. DUNN, Jr.
Oct 24-td

To the Voters of the First Congressional District of North Carolina—My Fellow-Citizens:—I am a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives in the next Congress of the Confederate States. If elected, fellow-citizens, I shall, without hesitation, favor the early repeal of certain laws passed by your recent Congress. The conscription law I regard as unconstitutional and in its operations oppressive to many of the best men in the South. The tithing law is evidently of doubtful policy, onerous and oppressive to the people at large, and must result in a heavy loss to the Government—Much that may be collected from the people by the tithing men must decay and be lost to the Government before it can be used to the interest of either the people contributing their productions or the government receiving them, in which event the people must be called upon the second time to supply the loss of the first tenth. The early repeal of the conscription and tithing laws I shall favor from a deep sense of duty to what I conceive to be for the best interest of the country.

I am in favor of the passage of a law paying the private soldier one dollar per day or thirty dollars per month, while in the service of the government. The necessity for the passage of such a law you cannot fail to see, in this day of high and extravagant prices asked for everything in the way of econimcal living.

I am in favor of a speedy termination of the war between the North and the South, on terms just and equitable to all the rights, honor and dignity of the Southern people—a war which is laying waste millions upon millions of property, and bringing poverty in its stead to the doors of thousands of helpless widows and orphans, a war which has and is offering up thousands of the noblest sons of the South to melt away in blood and carnage in an unGodly strife. I am for peace.

I am, very truly, your fellow-citizen,
P. T. HENRY.
Bertie County, Sept. 24, 1863. [Oct 15-td]

We are authorized to announce Capt L. D. STARKE, of Pasquotank, as a candidate to represent the First Congressional District of North Carolina in the next Confederate Congress. Oct 23-5t*

We are authorized to say that THOMAS I. FAISON has consented, at the earnest solicitations of many friends, to become a candidate for Congress in the 3rd Congressional district. Sept 7-tf

We are authorized by the friends of Dr. J. G. RAMSAY, of Rowan, to announce that gentleman as a candidate to represent the 8th Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States. Oct 19-td

We are authorized and requested to announce Dr. J. T. LEACH, of Johnston county, as a candidate for Congress in the 3d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Wayne and Johnston. Election on the 4th day of November. The soldiers vote on Thursday, the 29th of October. Oct 2-td*

We are authorised and requested to announce Hon. ROBT. R. BRIDGERS, of Edgecombe, as a candidate for re election to Congress in the 2d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Edgecombe, Halifax, Wilson, Green and Lenoir. Election, Wednesday, 4th of November. Sept 28-td

We are authorized to announce Hon. A. H. ARRINGTON, of Nash county, a candidate for re-election to Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Orange, Wake, Granville, Warren, Franklin and Nash. Election, Wednesday, 4th of November. Sept 8-td*

We are authorized and requested to announce Hon. W. N. H. SMITH, of Hertford, as a candidate for re-election to Congress from the 1st Congressional District. Election, Wednesday, 4th day of November. Sept. 28-td

Dr. EDWARD WARREN, of Chowan County, will be supported for Congress in the first Congressional District by MANY VOTERS. Sept 29-td

We are authorized to announce Captain JOSIAH TURNER, of Orange county, as a candidate for Congress in the 5th Congressional District, at